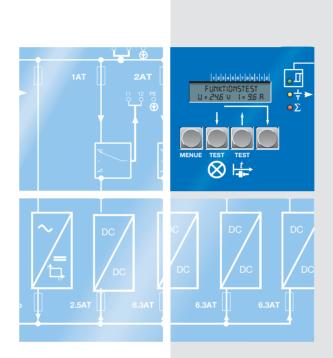
Emergency Lighting Supply Unit CeaGuard 48



CeaGuard 48 Advantages



The CeaGuard 48 emergency lighting supply unit is exceptionally suited for use in areas that must be installed per segregated fire zone.

Due to their compact dimensions, the covers can easily be installed. When using CEAG exit and emergency luminaires with the CEWA GUARD monitoring station, a cost-cutting emergency lighting system at very low maintenance cost can be realized. The CEWA GUARD individual monitoring system tests all functions of the cover and of the connected emergency luminaires fully automatically so that the operativeness of the emergency lighting systems is reliably ensured at all times. The picture of an optimized and low cost emergency lighting system is rounded off by central monitoring facilities to which, depending on the design, up to 256 CeaGuard 48 emergency lighting supply units can be connected and monitored.

- High safety level due to decentralized configuration
- Display texts adapted to the respective national language
- Installation per segregated storey or fire zone
- Fully automatic CEWA GUARD function monitoring system
- Emergency luminaires with CEWA GUARD monitoring
- Freely programmable control module
- Energy-saving and favourable cost due to optimized lighting engineering in conjunction with maximum possible monitoring
- Patented charge monitoring



Assets of the Automatic Individual Monitoring for Emergency Lighting Systems

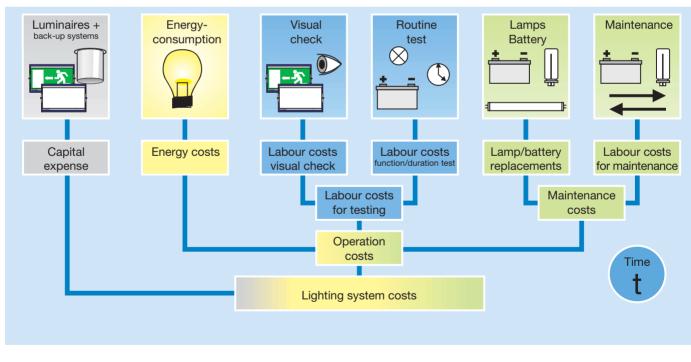


Emergency lighting requires a well thought-out planning. CEAG's experience and know-how are at your disposal.

Emergency lighting costs

Reliable light in an emergency situation or a mains fail condition! That feature of an emergency lighting system means a more to safety. But nobody is ready to accept unreasonably high costs to meet that requirement. And the costs of emergency lighting can be quite considerable. You do not only have to consider the initial spendings, but also the operating costs that are generally even higher in the longterm (see graph). They depend on the national regulations concerning tests, inspection and maintenance. Apart from the national requirements, considerations concerning the most favourable solution to a project should take into account another two major cost factors, namely energy costs and the combined service, maintenance and inspection requirements.

Burj Al Arab, Dubai



FT = Function test DT = Duration test



Assets of the Automatic Individual Monitoring for Emergency Lighting Systems

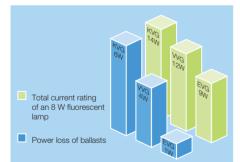


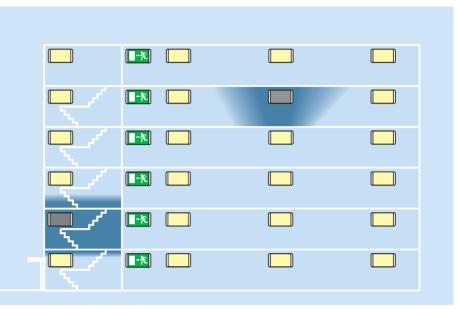
Energy costs

All CEAG emergency luminaires and systems are designed so that a reliable and optimum illumination is achieved at a minimized energy consumption. State-of-the-art electronics and microprocessors permit the use of electronic high-frequency ballasts in all emergency luminaires.

The graph below illustrates the ratio of the energy consumption with conventional ballasts (KVG) (WG) and electronic high-frequency ballasts (EVG). Due to the savings in energy costs (approx. 35 %) and other assets of the high-frequency ballasts (burn-in tested, min. 100,000 service hours, prolonged lamp service life, no stroboscopic effect, low power loss in mains operation), this solution has become the standard for all emergency lighting applications.

CEAG luminaires with high-frequency ballasts reduce energy costs in mains and battery operation.

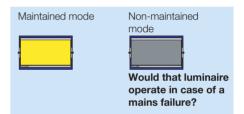




Each emergency luminaire is important. It protects life and health.

Service, maintenance and inspection

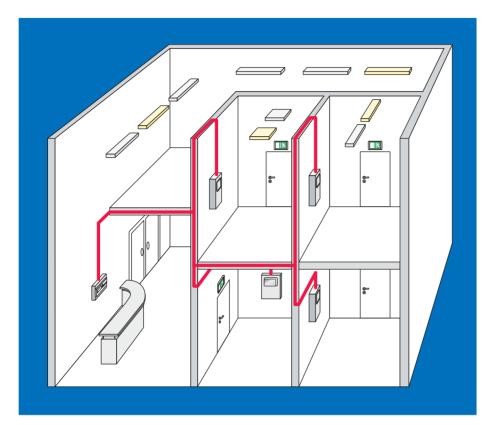
When an emergency lighting system is put into operation, it is in perfect condition. What, however, counts more, is its reliable functioning in case of emergency, regardless of whether that happens after 4 weeks or 5 years. Maintenance, service and inspection are the prerequisite for that reliability. That is, of course, expensive. Lamps and batteries must be replaced. Apart from regular visual checks, all luminaires must be submitted to function and duration Tests. Test data and systemrelated information must be documented in a log book. CEAG emergency power supply systems with CEWA GUARD functions considerably simplify maintenance, service and inspection and thereby provide for a distinct reduction of costs.



Approx. 75 % of all luminaires installed operate in non-maintained mode.



What CeaGuard 48 stands for



CEWA GUARD is a self-testing and monitoring system. The concept that was developed in 1979, has continually been updated to reflect the most recent technical standards. It has a long successful track record.

To make this system as efficient as possible and to minimize costs during installation, we have adopted the 2L CG (two-wire CEWA GUARD) technology. That means only one cable for:

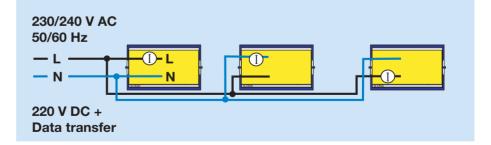
- AC 230/240 V, 50/60 Hz power supply
- DC 220 V power supply
- data transmission

No additional shielded cables are required to operate the system. The shortcircuit-proof L/N connection provides for a safe and reliable functioning of the system.

The backbone and brain of the system is a microprocessor which controls and monitors all functions, stores any changes of the status and passes information to an overriding monitoring and display system.

Some of the CEWA GUARD functions that are incorporated in our CeaGuard 48 system:

- continuous monitoring of charging unit and battery
- periodical function test of all components (e. g. lamps, high-frequency electronic ballasts)
- periodical duration tests (e. g. yearly)
- Display of any function failures
- Display of all relevant status information
- Logging and/or printout of all systemrelated data (failures, tests, status)





What CeaGuard 48 Stands for

The CEWA GUARD system is flexible with regard to the number and type of luminaires and to the back-up system. Our emergency luminaires with CEWA GUARD monitoring functions comply with the directives of EN 60598-2-22 and 89/336/EEC EMC.

Luminaires that are connected to the mains supply via the back-up system, operate as completely self-contained and independent system components. The mains connected processor regularly checks the voltage of the battery set. It checks the battery and charging unit circuit every minute and displays any failure immediately.

A function test of all luminaires connected to the system is automatically released by the processor and repeated periodically, e. g. once per month. During the function test (FT) the mains supply will be interrupted, and all connected luminaires will be fed from the battery of the supply system, for example the CeaGuard 48. The test confirms the faultless operation of lamps, charging unit and batteries. The results are displayed via LEDs and a two-line LCD display in plain text. The duration or battery test (BT) is generally automatically performed once a vear.

The time reached and a duration below the required value are displayed. Failure displays are helpful to the maintenance staff, since they reduce the time for troubleshooting considerably, and simultaneously increase the safety level. In larger buildings the individual test of the CeaGuard 48 emergency power supply units does not make sense for reasons of time and costs.

The CeaGuard 48 emergency supply unit represents the first fully monitored emergency supply system with low power consumption of small compact design, which, despite its small dimensions, offers all assets of the large systems.

Installation and maintenance

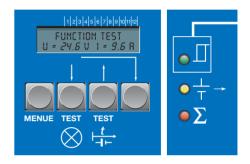
- No additional data cable required
- Minimized installation, service and maintenance effort
- The replacement of one battery block saves replacing up to 48 single NiCd accumulators.

Savings

- Electronic ballasts reduce the energy consumption also in mains operation
- Specific maintenance due to automatic central failure message
- No additional installation effort required (2-wire technique)
- Extended lamp service life
- No elaborate manual checks
- Automatic function and duration tests

In such circumstances, the use of a central monitoring station which checks and logs each luminaire and each CeaGuard 48, is far more economical.

For such use, options like the controller and the CG monitoring and programming facility are available.





Supply and fully automatic function monitoring of max. 48 CEAG emergency luminaires (SL/RZ) 4-8 Watt from one panel. Optinal 1, 2 or 3 h operation. Automatic display of faulty luminaires.

Completely monitored

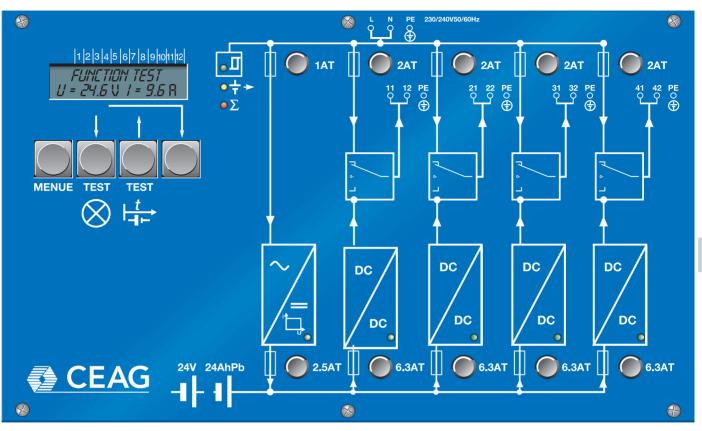
- Down to the last luminaire
- Automatic function test of each luminaire
- Failures are displayed at one central point and can be eliminated immediately
- System failures are reported so that the operativeness of the whole system is ensured at all times.

Environmental protection and emergency lighting

- Standard NiCd accumulators used with the self-contained luminaires can increase environmental pollution.
- It makes more sense to use maintenance-free lead accumulators with a recycling rate of >96 %.



Motherboard with Control Module, Charging Module and **Changeover Facilities**



The freely programmable control module with two-line liquid crystal display and constant memory back-up has two main functions:

- monitoring and control of all test cycles and functions
- display in plain text of the panel and luminaire functions (operation or failure)

The two-line display indicates:

- battery voltage
- battery charge current
- battery discharge current during the test run or emergency operation
- charge failure
- luminaire failure

In the event of a mains fail condition or a summary failure, an integrated acoustic alarm can be activated.

LEDs indicate the following operational states:





The automatic function test which is generally performed every seven days, and the duration test which is generally performed every 12 months, can be freely programmed depending on the respective national regulation.

Battery operation

Mains voltage

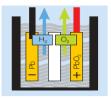




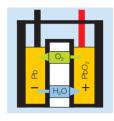
Luminaire or system



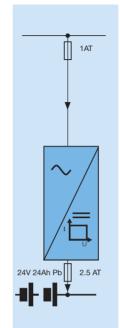
Battery and Charging Technology



When a traditional lead-acid accumulator with flooded electrolyte is overcharged, the water will be electrolytically separated and be converted into oxygen on the positive electrode and into hydrogen on the negative electrode. The lost water must be replaced at regular intervals in order to prevent the battery's drying out.



The absorption cells with extremely low gassing are designed so that the positive plate is fully charged prior to the negative one so that the oxygen set free diffuses to the negative plate. There it reacts with the lead and is converted into lead oxide which then reacts with the sulphuric acid electrolyte and thereby produces lead sulphate and water. Thus, a loss of water is completely prevented.



2.4V/cell 2.3V/cell 1.7V/cell U Deep discharge protection I timin. timin.

Environmentally friendly battery technology

- Battery service life > five years
- with immobilized electrolyte
- wholly sealed
- extremely low gassing
- maintenance-free over the whole service life
- operating with low internal pressure
- IATA certified for air transportation
- Safety vents
- Maintenance-free terminals

Patented charge monitoring method

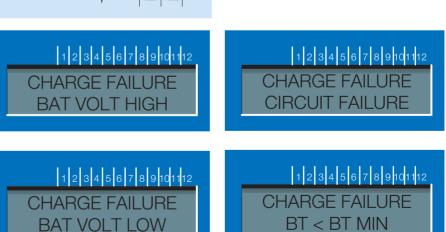
for the fault recognition in the battery circuit in the event of:

- blown fuse
- a defective charging unit
- battery over-/undervoltage
- falling short of the duration test timemissing battery

Constant potential charge acc. to I/U characteristic.

Boost charge depending on the consumed energy and time-controlled trickle charge. Recharge period: 10 h - 24 Ah

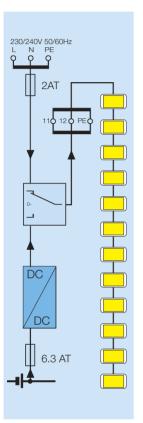
20 h - 65 Ah





System Modes

Each change-over device of the CeaGuard 48 can be operated in different system modes.



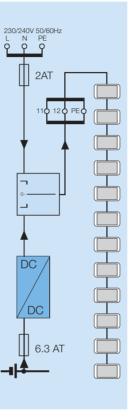
Maintained light

Emergency luminaires in "maintained light" mode light

- in any operational state.

In mains operation, the luminaire is supplied with 230/240 V 50/60 Hz via the terminals 11/12 of an L/N changeover device.

In the event of a mains failure, the 24 V battery voltage will be converted into a higher DC voltage. The connected luminaires will be supplied via the changeover device.



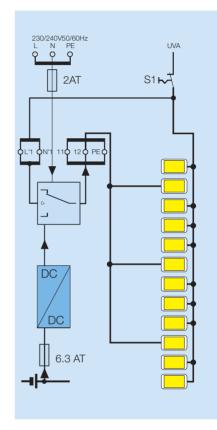
Non-maintained light

Emergency luminaires switched in "non-maintained" mode light

- when the normal lighting fails (mains failure)
- during a manually or automatically released duration test

In a mains fail condition, the control module switches over to battery operation.

The DC voltage is now fed via the DC-DC converter and the change-over device and supplies the luminaires, until the mains are restored or the deep discharge protection level has been reached.



Switched maintained light

Emergency luminaires switched in "switched maintained" mode, light

- when the general lighting is switched on

- when the general lighting fails
- during a manually or automatically released duration test.

This system mode permits emergency lighting to blend in with the general lighting.



Technical Data / Ordering Details



1) CeaGuard 48 (24 AH)

CeaGuard 48

The CeaGuard 48 is designed for the supply and monitoring of 48 emergency luminaires with CEWA GUARD monitoring in maintained, non-maintained or switched maintained light mode.

The CeaGuard system features a maintenancefree, completely sealed lead-acid battery for 1 or 3 h duration of emergency lighting. The batteries are gently charged according to an I/U charging characteristic. Due to a patented charge monitoring method, a failure in the battery circuit is immediately indicated. Max. four inverters supply and monitor max. 12 CEAG emergency luminaires each in mains and battery operation.

The control module with 2-line display indicates any changes in the operating state of the whole emergency lighting system. Via potentialfree indicator contacts or an E/G/A data interface, the status messages can be transmitted to a central monitoring station.

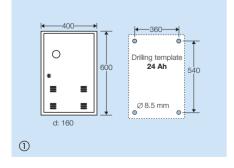
Technical Data		Те	chr	nical	Data
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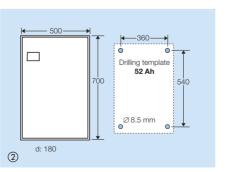
Mains voltage Input filter		230/240 V 50/60 Hz 250 V/3 A, 50/60 Hz, Temp. = 40 °C
Output voltage	in mains operation in battery operation	230/240 V 50/60 Hz
Degree of protection	 24 Ah version 52 Ah version 65 Ah version 	IP 20 (elektronic-battery compartment) IP 54 (electronics compartment), IP 21 (battery compartment) IP 54 (electronics compartment), IP 21 (battery compartment)
Insulation class		1
Battery	 24 Ah version 52 Ah version 65 Ah version 	2 x 12 V 24 Ah OGIV 2 x 12 V 52 Ah OGIV 2 x 12 V 65 Ah OGIV
Weight apx.	 24 Ah version 52 Ah version 65 Ah version 	29 kg incl. batteries 61 kg incl. batteries 85 kg incl. batteries
Dimensions (mm) w x h x d	 24 Ah version 52 Ah version 65 Ah version 	400 x 600 x 160 500 x 700 x 180 600 x 800 x 350
Mounting	Ŭ	Wall mounting
Cable entry		Metall-flange plate, top
No. of luminaires per circuit		12 pcs. (dep. from luminaire load)
No. of circuits per cover		4 pcs.
Total no. of luminaires		max. 48 pcs.

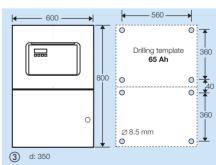
Ordering details

Type Scope of supply		Enclosure colour	Order No.	
① CeaGuard 48/24	Battery 24 Ah/4 circuits	RAL 7032	4 0071 341 105	
(2) CeaGuard 48/52	Battery 52 Ah/4 circuits	RAL 7032	4 0071 346 755	
③ CeaGuard 48/65	Battery 65 Ah/4 circuits	RAL 7032	4 0071 346 195	

Dimensions (mm)









Power Consumption Max. No. of Lamps per Converter

Electronic ballasts: EVG 13.2 CG-S

Current 75 % luminous flux and 20 °C ambient temperature on the luminaire

Type of		T 16			TC-SEL/DEL (4-pin)
lamp	1		D		
No. of					
lamps					
	4 W	6 W	8 W	13 W	5 W 7 W 9 W 10 W 11 W 13 W
1	0.18	0.24	0.30	0.53	0.29 0.32 0.41 0.49 0.41 0.53
2	0.36	0.48	0.60	1.06	0.59 0.64 0.82 0.99 0.82 1.06
3	0.54	0.72	0.90	1.59	0.88 0.95 1.24 1.48 1.24 1.59
4	0.72	0.96	1.20	2.12	1.18 1.27 1.65 1.98 1.65 2.12
5	0.90	1.20	1.50	2.65	1.47 1.59 2.06 2.47 2.06 2.65
6	1.08	1.44	1.80	3.18	1.76 1.91 2.47 2.96 2.47 3.18
7	1.24	1.68	2.10	3.71	2.06 2.22 2.88 3.45 2.86 3.71
8	1.44	1.92	2.40	4.24	2.35 2.54 3.29 3.95 3.29 4.24
9	1.62	2.16	2.70		2.65 2.86 3.57 3.71
10	1.80	2.40	3.00		2.94 3.18 3.71 4.12
11	1.98	2.64	3.30		3.24 3.49 4.12
12	2.16	2.88	3.60		3.53 3.81

Max.	battery	current	complete
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	Operating duration		
Batt.	1 h	3 h	
24 Ah	14.4 A	6.4 A	
52 Ah	17.0 A	13.8 A	
65 Ah	17.0 A	17.0 A	

Note! Battery current per converter: 4.25 A

Electronic ballasts: N-EVG CG-S, EVG 18 ...

Current at 20 °C ambient temperature on the luminaire

Type of lamp Type of EVG	TC-DEL/TC-TEL 18 W EVG 18 C CG-S	T 26/TC-L / TC-F 18 W EVG 18 CG-S	TC-DEL 26 EVG 12	W 36		W
No. of lamps	lumino 100	luminous flux 100 % 50 %		luminous flux 100 % 50 %		
1	0.9	1.68	1.17	2.17	1.19	
2	1.8	3.24	2.22	4.25	2.26	
3	2.7		3.27		3.33	
4	3.6	61				

